8/14/87 S 7495-21

THE LABOR MARKET REPORT
TENNESSEE

NED McWHERTER, GOVERNOR

RAYBURN TRAUGHBER, COMMISSIONER

DATA FOR JUNE 1987

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Tennessee Unemployment in 1986.....1
New Publications by Research and Statistics.....2
County Unemployment Rates.....2
Unemployment Insurance Data
A State by State Comparison.....3
Women in Professional Occupations.....3
Tennessee Labor Force Summary.....4
State Unemployment Insurance Activities.....6
Chattanooga MSA.....7
Johnson City, Kingsport, and Bristol MSA.....8
Knoxville MSA.....9
Memphis MSA.....10
Nashville MSA.....11
Consumer Price Index.....12

TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT IN 1986

In 1986, Tennessee's unemployment rate averaged 8.0 percent, the same as in 1985. The national unemployment rate was 7.0 percent in 1986, down from 7.2 percent in 1985.

Women accounted for 70 percent of the 50,000 employment growth in Tennessee last year and for 80 percent of the 5,000 increase in unemployment.

Tennessee's 8.0 percent unemployment rate was the 19th highest of the 50 states and the District of Columbia. It was 1.0 percentage point above the U.S. rate of 7.0 percent. State unemployment rates ranged from a high of 13.1 percent of the labor force in Louisiana to a low of 2.8 percent in New Hampshire. Rates in the Southeast varied from a low of 5.3 percent in North Carolina to a high of 11.7 percent in Mississippi.

In Tennessee, the unemployment rate for men rose slightly from 7.1 percent in 1985 to 7.2 percent in 1986. The rate for women, at 9.1 percent, was unchanged. The teenage rate declined last year, from 24.2 percent in 1985 to 22.4 percent in 1986--reaching a level which was 15.4 percentage points above the 7.0 percent rate for adults.

Unemployment by race varied widely in Tennessee, averaging 7.0 percent for whites and 14.2 percent for blacks. Within racial groups, unemployment for men was lower than that for women. The rate for white men averaged 6.2 percent compared to 8.0 percent for white women. Unemployment for black men stood at 13.6 percent of the labor force and for black women, 14.8 percent.

Unemployment rates for some groups of workers were higher in Tennessee than the national averages. The rate for adult men in Tennessee was 6.2 percent, compared to 6.1 percent for the nation. Adult female unemployment at 8.0 percent was higher than the national rate of 6.2 percent. White unemployment stood at 7.0 percent for Tennessee and 6.0 percent

nationally, while black unemployment of 14.2 percent was slightly lower than the U.S. rate of 14.5 percent. Tennessee's teenage rate, at 22.4 percent, was considerably higher than the national average of 18.3 percent.

TENNESSEE 1986 ANNUAL AVERAGES

	Civilian Labor Force	Employment	Unemployment	Rate
TOTAL	2,301,000	2,116,000	185,000	8.0
Men	1,244,000	1,155,000	89,000	7.2
Women	1,057,000	961,000	96,000	9.1
Men (20 years and over)	1,170,000	1,098,000	72,000	6.2
Women (20 years and over)	975,000	897,000	78,000	8.0
Both sexes (16-19 years)	155,000	121,000	35,000	22.4
WHITE	1,936,000	1,801,000	135,000	7.0
Men	1,064,000	998,000	66,000	6.2
Women	873,000	803,000	70,000	8.0
Both sexes (16-19 years)	133,000	110,000	23,000	17.6
BLACK	348,000	298,000	50,000	14.2
Men	171,000	147,000	23,000	13.6
Women	177,000	151,000	26,000	14.8

NOTE: Due to rounding, figures may not add.

NEW PUBLICATIONS BY RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

Tennessee Labor Market Information Directory

The directory lists current Labor Market Information publications available from the Department of Employment Security. Publications are listed by geographic coverage and primary users. A list of Labor Market Information field analysts and a directory of Tennessee Department of Employment Security Offices are included.

Annual Averages, Tennessee Labor Force Estimates 1982-1986

This publication contains annual average estimates of labor force, employment, and unemployment and annual average estimates of nonagricultural wage and salary employment by industry.

Copies of these publications can be obtained by writing to the address on the back of this report or calling 615/741-1729.

COUNTY UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

COUNTY	JUNE 1987	JUNE 1986	COUNTY	JUNE 1987	JUNE 1986
ANDERSON	7.0	7.3	LAUDERDALE	7.1	11.2
BEDFORD	7.6	11.1	LAWRENCE	9.0	14.1
BENTON	11.3	15.7	LEWIS	11.5	16.7
BLEDSOE	6.4	6.5	LINCOLN	5.7	7.9
BLOUNT	6.9	8.6	LOUDON	7.8	8.9
BRADLEY	6.2	7.9	MACON	8.9	11.8
CAMPBELL	12.6	14.6	MADISON	9.1	8.3
CANNON	12.6	12.6	MARION	12.7	11.3
CARROLL	9.5	11.9	MARSHALL	5.8	9.2
CARTER	8.3	7.6	MAURY	7.0	8.4
CHEATHAM	4.5	4.2	MCMINN	8.8	9.7
CHESTER	7.2	11.4	MCNAIRY	9.5	15.4
CLAIBORNE	6.6	11.3	MEIGS	15.1	10.2
CLAY	2.6	6.1	MONROE	8.6	9.8
COCKE	11.7	14.8	MONTGOMERY	6.8	8.2
COFFEE	8.7	7.6	MOORE	5.5	7.5
CROCKETT	8.1	10.4	MORGAN	11.8	14.5
CUMBERLAND	7.7	10.5	OBION	6.4	8.7
DAVIDSON	4.5	4.5	OVERTON	10.5	12.1
DECATUR	12.0	20.8	PERRY	13.7	15.1
DEKALB	8.1	14.9	PICKETT	16.2	17.4
DICKSON	6.4	6.3	POLK	8.9	11.6
DYER	7.6	10.0	PUTNAM	6.4	8.5
FAYETTE	6.8	9.2	RHEA	11.3	10.3
FENTRESS	11.0	19.9	ROANE	6.6	8.0
FRANKLIN	6.3	8.0	ROBERTSON	5.4	8.8
GIBSON	10.0	11.3	RUTHERFORD	5.3	4.9
GILES	8.1	12.7	SCOTT	17.2	21.9
GRAINGER	8.6	16.6	SEQUATCHIE	9.2	11.7
GREENE	11.2	14.1	SEVIER	5.9	8.0
GRUNDY	11.0	15.5	SHELBY	5.8	6.5
HAMBLEN	8.4	11.4	SMITH	5.6	6.3
HAMILTON	6.0	7.2	STEWART	8.2	7.8
HANCOCK	8.5	10.6	SULLIVAN	7.7	7.9
HARDEMAN	8.1	9.1	SUMNER	5.1	6.9
HARDIN	9.9	14.6	TIPTON	6.5	7.7
HAWKINS	6.7	8.9	TROUSDALE	5.1	6.4
HAYWOOD	10.5	13.9	UNICOI	8.9	8.3
HENDERSON	9.4	16.8	UNION	10.2	9.5
HENRY	18.6	12.2	VAN BUREN	8.2	9.7
HICKMAN	6.7	8.9	WARREN	12.5	12.1
HOUSTON	14.1	10.3	WASHINGTON	6.8	7.0
HUMPHREYS	17.7	11.2	WAYNE	9.9	16.6
JACKSON	8.3	14.8	WEAKLEY	5.3	7.3
JEFFERSON	7.2	15.0	WHITE	7.5	10.9
JOHNSON	10.6	13.2	WILLIAMSON	2.7	4.1
KNOX	6.1	6.3	WILSON	5.4	5.7
LAKE	8.1	12.0			

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA
A STATE BY STATE COMPARISON

Average weekly unemployment insurance benefits were lower in Tennessee than in any other state. Ranking 50th, Tennessee paid an average of $90.44 per week in benefits. The highest average weekly benefit amount was $161.28 in Minnesota.

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE DATA
A STATE BY STATE COMPARISON

State	Average Weekly Benefit Amount*	Rank	Average Weekly Wage	Rank	Weekly Benefits as a % of Avg. Weekly Wage	Rank
Alabama	96.55	48	325.34	37	29.7	45
Alaska	153.34	4	551.38	1	27.8	47
Arizona	106.51	41	351.62	20	30.3	41
Arkansas	110.60	37	300.47	46	36.8	27
California	113.09	35	410.48	6	27.6	49
Colorado	152.64	6	380.52	9	40.1	12
Connecticut	145.97	11	418.75	4	34.9	33
Delaware	134.52	21	369.52	12	36.4	30
Florida	120.68	31	329.45	32	36.6	29
Georgia	104.56	42	348.74	23	30.0	42
Hawaii	136.88	18	325.70	36	42.0	7
Idaho	125.00	28	312.35	41	40.0	13
Illinois	140.04	17	405.41	7	34.5	36
Indiana	96.68	47	358.98	18	26.9	50
Iowa	133.71	22	311.08	42	43.0	6
Kansas	145.27	13	335.61	29	43.3	5
Kentucky	97.20	45	325.79	35	29.8	43
Louisiana	145.26	14	349.11	22	41.6	8
Maine	112.58	36	299.76	47	37.6	22
Maryland	135.21	20	365.27	14	37.0	25
Massachusetts	148.48	9	386.21	8	38.4	20
Michigan	148.65	8	429.49	3	34.6	35
Minnesota	161.28	1	368.66	13	43.7	4
Mississippi	90.80	49	287.38	49	31.6	39
Missouri	101.49	44	354.61	19	28.6	46
Montana	120.79	30	300.53	44	40.2	11
Nebraska	106.95	40	300.50	45	35.6	32
Nevada	130.67	26	351.04	21	37.2	23
New Hampshire	107.91	39	335.38	30	32.2	38
New Jersey	152.83	5	414.34	5	36.9	26
New Mexico	119.52	32	322.30	38	37.1	24
New York	128.98	27	433.14	2	29.8	44
North Carolina	109.37	38	317.13	39	34.5	37
North Dakota	147.11	10	297.24	48	49.5	1
Ohio	145.70	12	375.21	11	38.8	18
Oklahoma	142.75	15	347.70	25	41.1	9
Oregon	133.69	23	342.59	27	39.0	17
Pennsylvania	142.05	16	361.43	17	39.3	14
Rhode Island	124.82	29	327.36	33	38.1	21
South Carolina	96.90	46	308.45	43	31.4	40
South Dakota	104.25	43	265.33	50	39.3	15
Tennessee	90.44	50	326.33	34	27.7	48
Texas	155.44	3	378.66	10	41.1	10
Utah	150.42	7	333.48	31	45.1	2
Vermont	114.97	34	312.97	40	36.7	28
Virginia	118.93	33	343.53	26	34.6	34
Washington	131.93	25	363.88	16	36.3	31
West Virginia	136.55	19	348.03	24	39.2	16
Wisconsin	132.01	24	341.90	28	38.6	19
Wyoming	160.20	2	364.91	15	43.9	3

*Average of 12 months ending September 1986

Source: Significant Unemployment Insurance Data, A State by State Comparison, Nevada Employment Security Research, 1987

Tennessee's average weekly wage of $326.33 ranked 34th among the states. Alaska had the highest average weekly wage of $551.38, and the lowest was $265.33 in South Dakota.

The average weekly benefit amount in Tennessee is only 27.7 percent of the state's average weekly wage, a percentage that ranks among the lowest in the nation.

WOMEN IN PROFESSIONAL OCCUPATIONS

Women accounted for a little over 49 percent of the nation's 13.9 million professional specialty workers in 1986. This proportion, while about the same as in 1985, was up from 47 percent in 1980 and 45 percent in 1975. Although this increase took place across a broad range of professional specialty occupations, female professionals remain concentrated in relatively few job categories. Nearly three-fifths are in just two categories--noncollege teachers and registered nurses. Men are not nearly as concentrated; the two largest fields for them--engineers and noncollege teachers--accounted for only 37 percent of their professional employment.

Women in professional occupations, 1983 and 1986

Occupational category	1983		1986	
	Number of women (in thousands)	As percent of total employed in occupation	Number of women (in thousands)	As percent of total employed in occupation
Professional specialty workers, total	6,169	48.1	6,972	49.4
Engineers, surveyors, and architects	104	6.1	119	6.2
Mathematical and computer scientists	137	29.6	228	36.2
Natural scientists	73	20.5	86	22.5
Health diagnosing occupations	98	13.7	109	15.0
Health assessment and treating occupations	1,629	85.9	1,728	86.3
Teachers, college and university	220	36.3	280	36.0
Teachers, except college and university	2,386	70.9	2,613	71.4
Counselors, educational and vocational	98	53.1	93	53.1
Librarians, archivists, and curators	180	84.4	176	82.9
Social scientists and urban planners	122	46.8	183	46.0
Social, recreation, and religious workers	358	43.1	427	46.4
Lawyers and judges	103	15.8	118	18.1
Writers, artists, entertainers, and athletes	660	42.7	901	45.0

Source: "Employment in Perspective: Women in the Labor Force," Report 738, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TENNESSEE CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE SUMMARY

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)

	June 1986				Revised May 1987				Preliminary June 1987			
	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate	Labor Force	Employment	Unemploy.	Rate
U. S. 1/	119,644,000	110,869,000	8,775,000	7.3	119,695,000	112,377,000	7,318,000	6.1	121,153,000	113,498,000	7,655,000	6.3
TENNESSEE 2/	2,306,300	2,121,900	184,400	8.0	2,326,400	2,178,700	147,700	6.3	2,335,100	2,176,700	158,400	6.8
MSAs												
CHATTANOOGA	204,800	188,500	16,300	8.0	202,500	191,200	11,300	5.6	200,700	188,400	12,300	6.1
JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL	208,400	192,600	15,800	7.6	212,600	197,800	14,800	7.0	213,000	197,400	15,600	7.3
KNOXVILLE	278,400	256,900	21,500	7.7	276,100	259,600	16,500	6.0	280,000	261,800	18,200	6.5
MEMPHIS	434,500	405,600	28,900	6.7	439,000	414,100	24,900	5.7	441,600	415,100	26,500	6.0
NASHVILLE	503,300	477,800	25,500	5.1	508,200	487,500	20,700	4.1	510,400	487,600	22,800	4.5

1/ Error range for these estimates is plus or minus 0.2 percentage points.
2/ Error range for these estimates cannot be computed.

Tennessee's estimated unemployment rate increased five-tenths of a percentage point to 6.8 percent last month, but was still the lowest June unemployment rate experienced in the last eight years. The increase in unemployment from May to June is primarily due to school closings. Government dropped by 9,800 with 7,500 of this decline in local government.

The increased unemployment was widespread across the state, with 71 of 95 counties reporting higher unemployment rates in June than the previous month. The rate went down in 17 counties and remained the same in seven counties.

For the first time in history, Clay County, at 2.6 percent, down from the previous month's 2.9 percent, recorded the state's lowest unemployment rate. Clay County has had continuous growth in the apparel industry. Williamson County, at 2.7 percent, was up from the May rate of 2.4 percent due to the seasonal decline in school employment. The state's highest unemployment rates were in Henry County at 18.6 percent, up from 18.1 percent in May, and Humphreys County at 17.7 percent, up from 14.6 percent.

For the third consecutive month, total nonagricultural employment reached a record level. From May to June, nonagricultural employment grew by 3,400 jobs to 2,014,800 and from June 1986 increased by 4.6 percent.

Growth in the past year has been substantial in nonmanufacturing jobs, which have grown by 5.7 percent, while manufacturing has increased by 1.5 percent. Among the major industries experiencing growth is construction, with 11.3 percent more workers in June of 1987 than in 1986. Other industries showing strong growth include services, up by 7.3 percent, and trade, up by 6 3 percent. Some of the major industries with lower employment than in June 1986 are nonelectrical machinery (down 7.3 percent), instruments and related products (down 5.2 percent), and mining (down 5.3 percent).

STATEWIDE

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands) *

INDUSTRY	JUNE 1986	MAY 1987	JUNE 1987	Net Change JUNE 1986 to JUNE 1987	Net Change MAY 198 to JUNE 198
TOTAL	1925.7	2011.4	2014.8	89.1	3.4
Manufacturing	490.5	495.8	498.0	7.5	2.2
Durable Goods	238.4	242.1	243.0	4.6	0.9
Lumber & Wood Products	19.0	19.9	20.2	1.2	0.3
Furniture & Fixtures	24.3	26.6	26.9	2.6	0.3
Stone, Clay, Glass, & Concrete	14.5	14.4	14.6	0.1	0.2
Primary Metal Industries	14.1	16.4	16.3	2.2	-0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	40.4	40.3	40.5	0.1	0.2
Machinery, Except Electrical	38.4	35.7	35.6	-2.8	-0.1
Electrical & Electronic Machinery	35.5	35.7	35.9	0.4	0.2
Transportation Equipment	31.7	33.3	33.0	1.3	-0.3
Instruments & Related Products	9.7	9.2	9.2	-0.5	0.0
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	10.8	10.6	10.8	0.0	0.2
Nondurable Goods	252.1	253.7	255.0	2.9	1.3
Food & Kindred Products	39.3	39.8	40.4	1.1	0.6
Meat Products	8.0	7.9	8.2	0.2	0.3
Dairy Products	3.2	3.1	3.2	0.0	0.1
Tobacco Manufactures	1.4	1.3	1.3	-0.1	0.0
Textile Mill Products	23.0	23.8	23.7	0.7	-0.1
Knitting Mills	11.7	11.8	11.8	0.1	0.0
Yarn & Thread Mills	2.8	2.8	2.8	0.0	0.0
Apparel Products	64.9	64.2	64.9	0.0	0.7
Paper & Allied Products	18.0	18.5	17.7	-0.3	-0.8
Printing, Publishing, & Allied Indus.	31.5	31.9	31.8	0.3	-0.1
Chemicals & Allied Products	38.7	38.3	38.8	0.1	0.5
Petroleum Refining & Related Indus.	1.0	0.8	0.9	-0.1	0.1
Rubber & Miscellaneous Plastics	24.5	25.4	25.5	1.0	0.1
Leather & Leather Products	9.9	9.7	10.0	0.1	0.3
Nonmanufacturing	1435.2	1515.6	1516.8	81.6	1.2
Mining	7.5	7.0	7.1	-0.4	0.1
Construction	88.8	98.1	98.8	10.0	0.7
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	95.6	98.8	99.2	3.6	0.4
Trade	451.0	475.4	479.6	28.6	4.2
Wholesale Trade	119.2	128.1	128.9	9.7	0.8
Wholesale Durable Goods	68.6	72.0	72.6	4.0	0.6
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	50.6	56.1	56.3	5.7	0.2
Retail Trade	331.8	347.3	350.7	18.9	3.4
Building Materials & Garden Supp.	13.3	13.1	13.3	0.0	0.2
General Merchandise Stores	48.5	50.0	50.4	1.9	0.4
Food Stores	55.0	57.1	56.8	1.8	-0.3
Automotive Dlrs. & Serv. Stations	39.4	39.9	40.3	0.9	0.4
Apparel & Accessory Stores	17.6	18.0	18.0	0.4	0.0
Furniture & Home Furnishings	12.8	12.9	13.2	0.4	0.3
Eating & Drinking Places	106.5	117.4	119.6	13.1	2.2
Miscellaneous Retail	38.7	38.9	39.1	0.4	0.2
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	94.5	95.6	96.7	2.2	1.1
Banking	26.3	26.2	26.5	0.2	0.3
Insurance Carriers	22.6	23.2	23.2	0.6	0.0
Services	386.9	410.6	415.1	28.2	4.5
Hotels & Other Lodging	30.7	30.0	30.9	0.2	0.9
Personal Services	24.9	27.5	27.3	2.4	-0.2
Business Services	75.4	77.9	79.7	4.3	1.8
Health Services	124.9	131.6	132.6	7.7	1.0
Hospitals	62.0	67.7	68.4	6.4	0.7
Government	310.8	330.1	320.3	9.5	-9.8
Federal	62.3	65.4	64.6	2.3	-0.8
State & Local	248.5	264.7	255.7	7.2	-9.0
State	69.3	72.6	71.1	1.8	-1.5
Local	179.2	192.1	184.6	5.4	-7.5

*Data includes all full and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay week which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding.

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACTIVITIES

July 1, 1986 through June 30, 1987

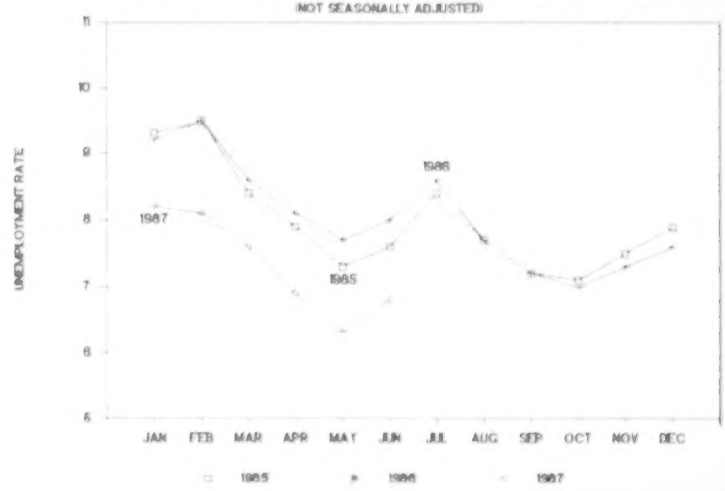
OPENINGS RECEIVED	OPENINGS FILLED	NEW AND RENEWAL APPLICATIONS	INDIVIDUALS PLACED	INDIVIDUALS COUNSELED
127,731	83,915	309,866	70,572	4,320

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings June 1986	Average Weekly Earnings May 1987	Average Weekly Earnings June 1987	Average Weekly Hours June 1986	Average Weekly Hours May 1987	Average Weekly Hours June 1987	Average Hourly Earnings June 1986	Average Hourly Earnings May 1987	Average Hourly Earnings June 1987
All Manufacturing	350.64	364.27	366.54	41.3	41.3	41.7	8.49	8.82	8.79
Durable Goods	372.02	392.92	391.95	41.8	41.8	42.1	8.90	9.40	9.31
Lumber & Wood Products	239.95	243.49	250.92	40.6	41.2	42.1	5.91	5.91	5.96
Furniture & Fixtures	293.92	305.37	307.23	39.4	38.9	39.9	7.46	7.85	7.70
Stone, Clay, Glass, & Conc.	491.05	546.35	543.20	45.3	47.8	47.4	10.84	11.43	11.46
Primary Metal Industries	405.65	497.23	488.63	42.7	43.2	44.1	9.50	11.51	11.08
Fabricated Metal Products	381.97	398.37	388.74	41.7	42.2	41.8	9.16	9.44	9.30
Machinery	368.93	387.74	387.18	42.7	42.1	42.5	8.64	9.21	9.11
Instruments & Related Prod.	345.22	351.60	354.90	41.0	40.0	40.7	8.42	8.79	8.72
Nondurable Goods	329.25	336.61	341.14	40.9	40.9	41.3	8.05	8.23	8.26
Food & Kindred Products	338.66	356.45	356.38	41.2	41.4	41.2	8.22	8.61	8.65
Textile Mill Products	271.17	279.34	284.18	41.4	41.2	42.1	6.55	6.78	6.75
Apparel Products	201.36	208.74	212.79	38.5	38.8	39.7	5.23	5.38	5.36
Paper & Allied Products	479.52	478.24	506.86	44.4	44.2	44.5	10.80	10.82	11.39
Chemical & Allied Prod.	445.71	457.44	462.85	41.3	41.1	41.4	10.78	11.13	11.18
Rubber & Misc. Plastics	416.82	408.78	414.24	43.6	41.5	41.8	9.56	9.85	9.91
Leather & Leather Products	232.46	250.30	263.78	39.2	41.1	43.6	5.93	6.09	6.05

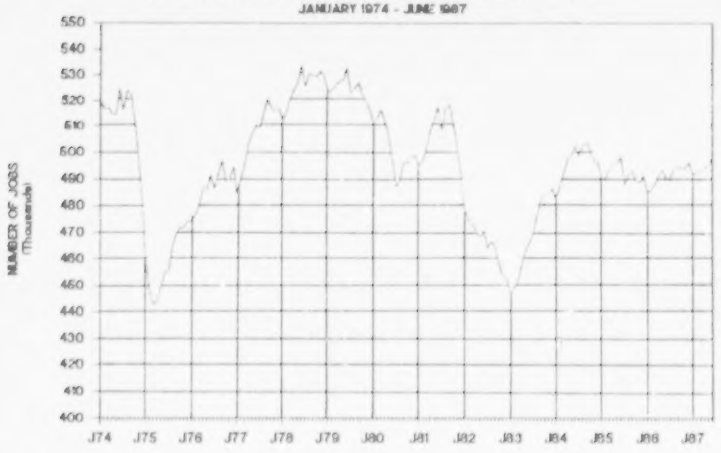
TENNESSEE UNEMPLOYMENT RATES 1985-1987

(NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED)



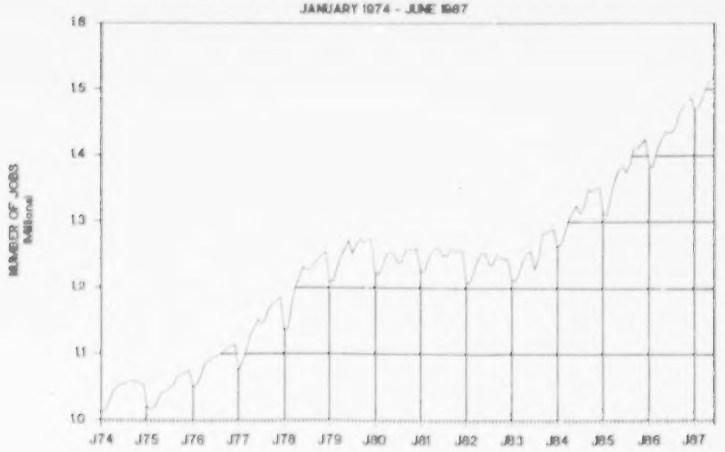
MANUFACTURING JOBS IN TENNESSEE

JANUARY 1974 - JUNE 1987



NONMANUFACTURING JOBS IN TENNESSEE

JANUARY 1974 - JUNE 1987



STATE UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

STATE BENEFIT PROGRAM

CLAIMS	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987
Initial Claims	34,417	23,295	28,208
Continued Weeks Claimed	161,589	140,701	157,856
Nonmonetary Determinations	2,777	2,240	3,286
Appeals Decisions	977	826	806
Lower Authority	790	637	675
Higher Authority	187	189	129
Hearings-Other States	0	0	2
BENEFITS			
Amount Paid	$13,294,417	$12,851,057	$13,172,720
Benefit Weeks Paid	143,386	125,467	138,061
Average Weekly Benefit Amount	$ 92	$ 98	$ 98
First Payments	10,455	8,023	9,553
Final Payments	4,171	3,589	3,347
Average Weeks Duration	12	12	12
Trust Fund Balance	$390,864,772	$467,930,183	$457,691,380

FEDERAL BENEFIT PROGRAMS

	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987
FORMER FEDERAL EMPLOYEES:			
Benefits Paid	$522,464	$375,393	$561,355
Benefit Weeks Paid	3,270	2,201	2,908
Initial Claims	394	359	476
Continued Weeks Claimed	3,566	2,438	3,164
Appeals Decisions	15	11	18
FORMER MILITARY PERSONNEL:			
Benefits Paid	$172,281	$178,069	$197,426
Benefit Weeks Paid	1,425	1,402	1,534
Initial Claims	325	265	255
Continued Weeks Claimed	1,668	1,579	1,721
Appeals Decisions	4	3	2

CHATTANOOGA MSA

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands) *

INDUSTRY	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	Net Change June 1986 to June 1987	Net Change May 1987 to June 1987
TOTAL	180.9	182.1	179.7	-1.2	-2.4
Manufacturing	44.2	43.1	43.0	-1.2	-0.1
Durable Goods	17.6	16.0	15.9	-1.7	-0.1
Lumber & Wood Products	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.0	0.1
Stone, Clay, Glass, & Concrete	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.0
Primary Metals Industries	3.9	3.8	3.8	-0.1	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	3.9	3.4	3.3	-0.6	-0.1
Machinery, Except Electrical	2.5	1.5	1.5	-1.0	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	5.0	5.2	5.1	0.1	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	26.6	27.1	27.1	0.5	0.0
Food & Kindred Products	6.3	7.0	7.1	0.8	0.1
Textile Mill Products	11.3	11.1	11.0	-0.3	-0.1
Knitting Mills	2.3	2.6	2.7	0.4	0.1
Apparel Products	1.4	1.3	1.2	-0.2	-0.1
Paper & Allied Products	1.5	1.6	1.7	0.2	0.1
Printing, Publishing, & Allied Ind.	2.0	1.9	1.9	-0.1	0.0
Chemicals & Allied Products	3.2	3.3	3.3	0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	1.0	0.9	0.9	-0.1	0.0
Nonmanufacturing	136.7	139.0	136.7	0.0	-2.3
Mining	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.0	0.0
Construction	7.1	7.0	7.2	0.1	0.2
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	8.7	8.6	8.6	-0.1	0.0
Trade	42.2	41.7	42.9	0.7	1.2
Wholesale Trade	10.7	10.9	10.9	0.2	0.0
Wholesale Durable Goods	6.4	6.5	6.5	0.1	0.0
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	4.3	4.4	4.4	0.1	0.0
Retail Trade	31.5	30.8	32.0	0.5	1.2
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	11.1	12.1	12.2	1.1	0.1
Services	35.5	35.2	34.2	-1.3	-1.0
Government	31.1	33.4	30.6	-0.5	-2.8
Federal	8.8	10.1	10.2	1.4	0.1
State & Local	22.3	23.3	20.4	-1.9	-2.9
State	5.2	5.6	5.5	0.3	-0.1
Local	17.1	17.7	14.8	-2.3	-2.9

Includes Hamilton, Marion, and Sequatchie counties in Tennessee and Catoosa, Dade, and Walker counties in Georgia.

* Data include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay week which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding.

The Chattanooga MSA unemployment rate increased from 5.6 percent to 6.1 percent. Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 2,400 jobs to 179,700. Manufacturing employment decreased slightly by 100 jobs with no industry reporting a change greater than 100. Nonmanufacturing decreased by 2,300 jobs with the largest decreases reported in state and local government(-2,900) and services (-1,000) due to schools closing for summer break. This decrease was offset some by a seasonal increase in retail trade (+1,200).

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACTIVITIES

July 1, 1986 through June 30, 1987

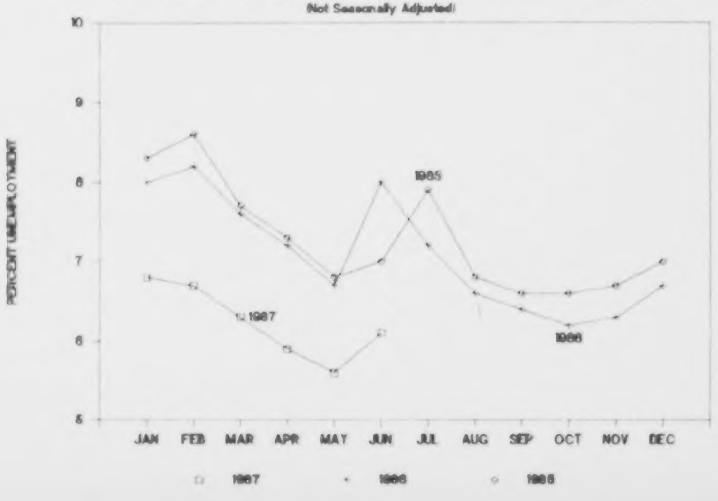
OPENINGS RECEIVED	OPENINGS FILLED	NEW AND RENEWAL APPLICATIONS	INDIVIDUALS PLACED	INDIVIDUALS COUNSELED
5,533	3,942	18,778	3,366	294

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings June 1986	Average Weekly Earnings May 1987	Average Weekly Earnings June 1987	Average Weekly Hours June 1986	Average Weekly Hours May 1987	Average Weekly Hours June 1987	Average Hourly Earnings June 1986	Average Hourly Earnings May 1987	Average Hourly Earnings June 1987
All Manufacturing	329.90	324.31	331.17	42.9	41.0	41.5	7.69	7.91	7.98
Durable Goods	378.25	371.90	379.18	44.5	41.6	42.7	8.50	8.94	8.88
Stone, Clay, Glass, & Conc.	405.59	385.28	404.99	43.8	40.9	43.5	9.26	9.42	9.31
Iron & Steel Foundries	416.27	435.94	436.65	45.1	45.6	46.7	9.23	9.56	9.35
Fabricated Metal Products	408.11	446.77	429.06	44.7	43.0	41.9	9.13	10.39	10.24
Machinery, Except Elect.	444.69	436.24	460.32	48.6	38.0	41.1	9.15	11.48	11.20
Nondurable Goods	298.75	295.89	301.51	41.9	40.7	40.8	7.13	7.27	7.39
Textile Mill Products	284.83	274.63	275.99	45.5	43.8	44.3	6.26	6.27	6.23
Knitting Mills	235.62	230.83	236.74	42.0	41.0	41.9	5.61	5.63	5.65
Paper & Allied Products	481.29	476.78	492.88	47.7	47.3	48.8	10.09	10.08	10.10
Chemicals & Allied Prod.	401.83	351.20	372.36	38.6	32.7	34.8	10.41	10.74	10.70

CHATTANOOGA MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

(Not Seasonally Adjusted)



JOHNSON CITY, KINGSPORT, AND BRISTOL MSA

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)*

INDUSTRY	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	Net Change June 1986 to June 1987	Net Change May 1987 to June 1987
TOTAL	151.4	155.2	155.3	3.9	0.1
Manufacturing	52.1	51.7	52.3	0.2	0.6
Durable Goods	20.3	20.1	20.1	-0.2	0.0
Lumber & Wood Products and Furniture & Fixtures	1.9	2.2	2.2	0.3	0.0
Stone, Clay, Glass, & Concrete	2.4	2.3	2.4	0.0	0.1
Fabricated Metal Products	2.6	2.2	2.3	-0.3	0.1
Machinery and Trans. Equipment	9.7	9.7	9.6	-0.1	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	3.8	3.7	3.6	-0.2	-0.1
Nondurable Goods	31.8	31.6	32.2	0.4	0.6
Food & Kindred Products	2.4	2.3	2.5	0.1	0.2
Textile Mill Products	2.5	2.7	2.7	0.2	0.0
Apparel Products	4.7	4.8	5.0	0.3	0.2
Paper & Allied Products and Printing, Publishing, Allied Ind.	6.0	6.0	5.9	-0.1	-0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	16.3	15.8	16.1	-0.2	0.3
Nonmanufacturing	99.3	103.5	103.0	3.7	-0.5
Mining	0.2	0.1	0.1	-0.1	0.0
Construction	5.2	5.3	5.6	0.4	0.3
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	6.3	6.3	6.4	0.1	0.1
Trade	33.5	34.0	34.2	0.7	0.2
Wholesale Trade	6.4	6.3	6.2	-0.2	-0.1
Retail Trade	27.1	27.7	27.9	0.8	0.2
Finance, Insurance,& Real Estate	4.8	4.9	4.9	0.1	0.0
Services	26.0	26.8	26.9	0.9	0.1
Government	23.3	26.1	25.0	1.7	-1.1
Federal	4.2	4.0	3.9	-0.3	-0.1
State & Local	19.1	22.2	21.1	2.0	-1.1
State	4.6	5.3	4.6	0.0	-0.7
Local	14.5	16.8	16.5	2.0	-0.3

Includes Washington, Carter, Unicoi, Sullivan, and Hawkins counties in Tennessee and Washington County, Scott County and Bristol City in Virginia.

* Data include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay week which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Number may not add due to rounding.

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACTIVITIES

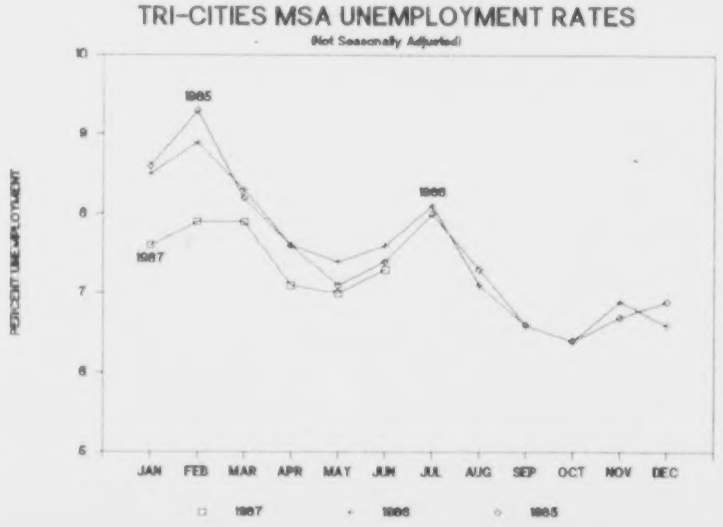
July 1, 1986 through June 30, 1987

OPENINGS RECEIVED	OPENINGS FILLED	NEW AND RENEWAL APPLICATIONS	INDIVIDUALS PLACED	INDIVIDUALS COUNSELED
7,686	4,867	23,966	4,340	78

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings June 1986	Average Weekly Earnings May 1987	Average Weekly Earnings June 1987	Average Weekly Hours June 1986	Average Weekly Hours May 1987	Average Weekly Hours June 1987	Average Hourly Earnings June 1986	Average Hourly Earnings May 1987	Average Hourly Earnings June 1987
All Manufacturing	391.43	386.06	393.71	43.3	42.8	43.6	9.04	9.02	9.03
Durable Goods	382.72	363.57	354.12	46.0	44.5	44.1	8.32	8.17	8.03
Fabricated Metal Prod.	415.91	398.89	393.74	41.8	42.3	43.7	9.95	9.43	9.01
Machinery & Trans. Equip.	408.86	388.67	375.91	48.5	45.3	45.4	8.43	8.58	8.28
Nondurable Goods	397.16	400.61	419.47	41.5	41.6	43.2	9.57	9.63	9.71
Food & Kindred Products	342.79	319.18	393.30	41.5	39.6	43.7	8.26	8.06	9.00
Apparel Products	227.14	229.50	264.33	43.1	41.5	47.8	5.27	5.53	5.53

The Tri-Cities MSA unemployment rate increased from 7.0 percent to 7.3 percent. Total nonagricultural employment increased slightly by 100 jobs to 155,300. Manufacturing employment increased by 600 jobs with the largest increases reported in food and kindred products (+200) and apparel products (+200). Nonmanufacturing employment decreased by 500 jobs with the largest decrease reported in state and local government due to schools closing for summer break.



KNOXVILLE MSA

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands)*

INDUSTRY	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	Net Change June 1986 to June 1987	Net Change May 1987 to June 1987
TOTAL	237.6	242.2	244.3	6.7	2.1
Manufacturing	48.2	50.5	50.7	2.5	0.2
Durable Goods	26.4	28.9	28.9	2.5	0.0
Lumber & Wood Products	1.9	2.3	2.3	0.4	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	1.9	2.0	1.8	-0.1	-0.2
Stone, Clay, Glass, & Concrete	1.4	1.4	1.5	0.1	0.1
Machinery, Except Electrical	2.7	2.2	2.1	-0.6	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	18.5	21.0	21.2	2.7	0.2
Nondurable Goods	21.8	21.6	21.8	0.0	0.2
Food & Kindred Products	4.1	4.2	4.2	0.1	0.0
Textile Mill Products	3.1	3.1	3.1	0.0	0.0
Apparel Products	8.9	8.6	8.7	-0.2	0.1
Printing, Publishing, & Allied Ind.	2.7	2.6	2.6	-0.1	0.0
All Other Nondurable Goods	3.1	3.1	3.2	0.1	0.1
Nonmanufacturing	189.4	191.7	193.6	4.2	1.9
Mining	1.9	1.8	1.7	-0.2	-0.1
Construction	11.7	11.4	11.0	-0.7	-0.4
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	8.7	9.2	9.3	0.6	0.1
Trade	60.7	59.0	60.3	-0.4	1.3
Wholesale Trade	14.5	14.3	14.5	0.0	0.2
Wholesale Durable Goods	9.4	9.4	9.5	0.1	0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	5.1	4.9	5.0	-0.1	0.1
Retail Trade	46.2	44.7	45.8	-0.4	1.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	8.5	8.5	8.7	0.2	0.2
Services	50.1	50.8	51.7	1.6	0.9
Government	47.9	51.0	50.9	3.0	-0.1
Federal	8.1	8.2	8.2	0.1	0.0
State & Local	39.8	42.8	42.7	2.9	-0.1
State	18.7	19.7	19.4	0.7	-0.3
Local	21.1	23.1	23.2	2.1	0.1

Includes Anderson, Blount, Grainger, Jefferson, Knox, Sevier, and Union counties.

* Data include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay week which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding.

The Knoxville MSA unemployment rate increased from 6.0 percent to 6.5 percent. Total nonagricultural employment increased by 2,100 jobs to 244,300. Manufacturing employment increased by 200 jobs with the largest increase reported in all other durable goods (+200). Nonmanufacturing employment increased by 1,900 jobs with the largest increases reported in trade (+1,300) and services (+900) due to seasonal factors.

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACTIVITIES

July 1, 1986 through June 30, 1987

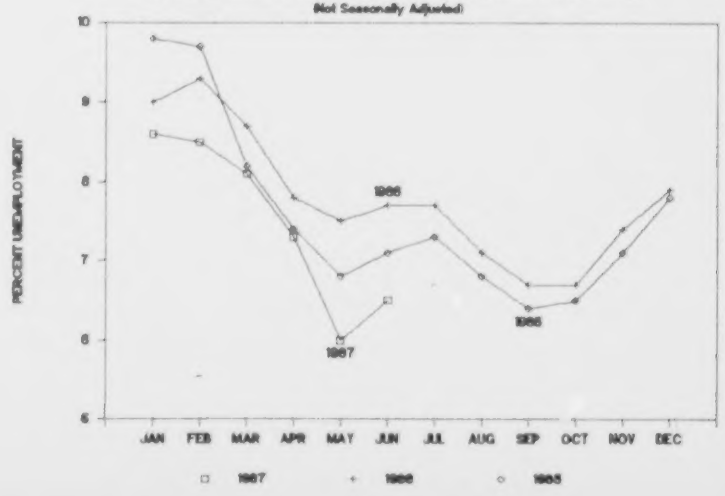
OPENINGS RECEIVED	OPENINGS FILLED	NEW AND RENEWAL APPLICATIONS	INDIVIDUALS PLACED	INDIVIDUALS COUNSELED
16,052	9,794	33,482	8,065	334

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987
All Manufacturing	333.06	361.27	359.79	39.0	39.7	40.2	8.54	9.10	8.95
Durable Goods	379.55	418.15	416.87	38.3	39.3	40.2	9.91	10.64	10.37
Stone, Clay, Glass, & Conc.	379.65	343.92	348.17	44.3	40.7	39.7	8.57	8.45	8.77
Machinery, Except Elect.	438.92	348.93	339.60	46.3	37.6	38.2	9.48	9.28	8.89
Nondurable Goods	279.60	288.72	287.03	40.0	40.1	40.2	6.99	7.20	7.14
Food & Kindred Products	297.02	324.30	271.55	44.2	46.0	39.7	6.72	7.05	6.84
Textile Mill Products	244.52	257.58	255.00	42.6	40.5	42.5	5.74	6.36	6.00
Apparel Products	238.92	251.46	257.94	37.1	38.1	39.2	6.44	6.60	6.58

KNOXVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

Not Seasonally Adjusted



MEMPHIS MSA

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands) *

INDUSTRY	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	Net Change June 1986 to June 1987	Net Change May 1987 to June 1987
TOTAL	404.9	413.2	412.8	7.9	-0.4
Manufacturing	52.4	52.4	52.0	-0.4	-0.4
Durable Goods	22.3	22.2	22.4	0.1	0.2
Lumber & Wood Products	2.7	2.8	2.8	0.1	0.0
Sawmills & Planing Mills	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.1	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	1.9	1.9	1.9	0.0	0.0
Fabricated Metal Products	4.9	4.9	5.0	0.1	0.1
Machinery, Except Electrical	3.8	3.9	3.8	0.0	-0.1
Electrical & Electronic Machinery	2.5	2.6	2.6	0.1	0.0
All Other Durable Goods	6.5	6.1	6.3	-0.2	0.2
Nondurable Goods	30.1	30.2	29.6	-0.5	-0.6
Food & Kindred Products	8.2	7.8	7.8	-0.4	0.0
Bakery Products	1.3	1.4	1.4	0.1	0.0
Apparel Products	1.9	2.0	2.0	0.1	0.0
Paper & Allied Products	6.4	6.6	5.8	-0.6	-0.8
Printing, Publishing, & Allied Ind.	5.0	5.1	5.2	0.2	0.1
Chemicals & Allied Products	6.5	6.7	6.8	0.3	0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	2.1	2.0	2.0	-0.1	0.0
Nonmanufacturing	352.5	360.8	360.8	8.3	0.0
Mining	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0
Construction	18.8	19.3	19.5	0.7	0.2
Trans., Communication, & Util.	35.6	37.4	37.6	2.0	0.2
Trade	112.5	112.1	112.3	-0.2	0.2
Wholesale Trade	36.2	37.4	37.5	1.3	0.1
Wholesale Durable Goods	22.5	22.8	22.9	0.4	0.1
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	13.7	14.6	14.6	0.9	0.0
Retail Trade	76.3	74.7	74.8	-1.5	0.1
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	23.0	23.4	23.5	0.5	0.1
Services	94.8	98.9	99.5	4.7	0.6
Government	67.7	69.6	68.3	0.6	-1.3
Federal	17.3	17.6	17.4	0.1	-0.2
State & Local	50.4	52.0	50.9	0.5	-1.1
State	12.7	13.0	12.9	0.2	-0.1
Local	37.7	39.0	38.0	0.3	-1.0

Includes Shelby and Tipton counties in Tennessee and Crittendon County in Arkansas.

* Data include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay week which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Numbers may not add due to rounding.

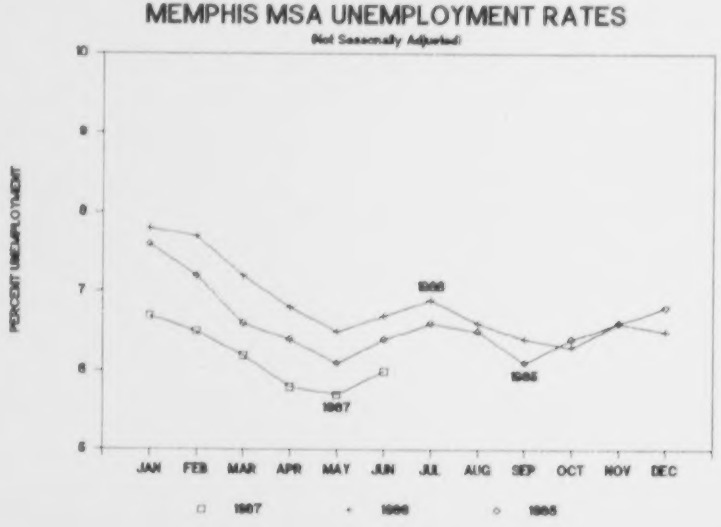
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACTIVITIES

July 1, 1986 through June 30, 1987

OPENINGS		NEW AND RENEWAL	INDIVIDUALS	
RECEIVED	FILLED	APPLICATIONS	PLACED	COUNSELED
17,943	11,344	50,668	8,960	995

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987
All Manufacturing	383.66	367.28	363.49	44.2	41.5	41.4	8.68	8.85	8.78
Durable Goods	348.33	335.75	331.61	44.6	41.4	41.4	7.81	8.11	8.01
Lumber & Wood Products	215.95	231.00	235.28	40.9	42.0	42.7	5.28	5.50	5.51
Furniture & Fixtures	216.28	185.09	199.00	38.9	35.8	41.2	5.56	5.17	4.83
Nondurable Goods	416.61	398.24	395.37	43.9	41.7	41.4	9.49	9.55	9.55
Food & Kindred Products	404.49	365.65	354.40	43.4	40.9	40.0	9.32	8.94	8.86
Paper & Allied Products	523.77	482.69	510.42	51.3	47.0	47.0	10.21	10.27	10.86
Chemicals & Allied Prod.	518.16	461.24	453.05	46.1	39.9	40.2	11.24	11.56	11.27



The Memphis MSA unemployment rate increased from 5.7 percent to 6.0 percent. Total nonagricultural employment decreased by 400 jobs to 412,800. Manufacturing decreased by 400 jobs with the largest decrease reported in paper and allied products(-800). Nonmanufacturing remained unchanged although state and local government decreased by 1,100 jobs due to schools closing for summer break. This was offset by increases in several other industries. The largest reported increase was in services (+600).

NASHVILLE MSA

ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL EMPLOYMENT (in thousands) *

INDUSTRY	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	Net Change June 1986 to June 1987	Net Change May 1987 to June 1987
TOTAL	446.8	456.1	456.4	9.6	0.3
Manufacturing	89.2	87.9	88.9	-0.3	1.0
Durable Goods	50.4	49.2	50.1	-0.3	0.9
Lumber & Wood Products	2.4	2.1	2.1	-0.3	0.0
Furniture & Fixtures	4.5	4.3	4.8	0.3	0.5
Fabricated Metal Products	8.6	7.9	8.1	-0.5	0.2
Machinery	14.6	14.3	14.6	0.0	0.3
Transportation Equipment	13.2	13.6	13.5	0.3	-0.1
All Other Durable Goods	7.2	7.0	7.0	-0.2	0.0
Nondurable Goods	38.8	38.7	38.8	0.0	0.1
Food & Kindred Products	7.4	7.4	7.3	-0.1	-0.1
Textile Mill Products	1.5	1.5	1.6	0.1	0.1
Apparel Products	4.6	4.6	4.5	-0.1	-0.1
Printing, Publishing, & Allied Ind.	12.7	12.8	12.9	0.2	0.1
Petroleum and Rubber	4.4	4.7	4.6	0.2	-0.1
Leather & Leather Products	2.2	2.5	2.6	0.4	0.1
All Other Nondurable Goods	6.0	5.2	5.3	-0.7	0.1
Nonmanufacturing	357.6	368.2	367.5	9.9	-0.7
Mining	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.1	0.0
Construction	27.1	30.4	31.3	4.2	0.9
Trans., Communication, & Utilities	21.6	22.1	22.2	0.6	0.1
Trade	108.8	108.9	110.8	2.0	1.9
Wholesale Trade	27.8	27.5	28.0	0.2	0.5
Wholesale Durable Goods	17.6	17.3	17.6	0.0	0.3
Wholesale Nondurable Goods	10.2	10.2	10.4	0.2	0.2
Retail Trade	81.0	81.4	82.8	1.8	1.4
Finance, Insurance, & Real Estate	30.7	30.3	30.3	-0.4	0.0
Services & Miscellaneous	105.5	108.7	108.4	2.9	-0.3
Government	63.0	66.9	63.6	0.6	-3.3
Federal	9.4	9.7	9.6	0.2	-0.1
State & Local	53.6	57.1	53.9	0.3	-3.2
State	22.9	22.8	22.2	-0.7	-0.6
Local	30.7	34.4	31.8	1.1	-2.6

Includes Cheatham, Davidson, Dickson, Robertson, Rutherford, Sumner, Williamson, and Wilson counties.

*Data include all full- and part-time nonagricultural wage and salary employees who worked during, or received pay for, any part of the pay week which includes the 12th of the month. This is a count of jobs by place of work. Agricultural workers, proprietors, self-employed persons, workers in private households, and unpaid family workers are excluded.

Number may not add due to rounding.

The Nashville MSA unemployment rate increased from 4.1 percent to 4.5 percent. Total nonagricultural employment increased by 300 jobs to 456,400. Manufacturing employment increased by 1,000 jobs with the largest increases reported in furniture and fixtures (+500), due to a recall, and machinery (+300). Nonmanufacturing employment decreased by 700 jobs with the largest decreases reported in state and local government (-3,200) and services (-300) due to public and private schools closing for summer break. These decreases in employment were offset some by a seasonal increase in trade (+1,900) and an increase in construction (+900).

EMPLOYMENT SECURITY ACTIVITIES

July 1, 1986 through June 30, 1987

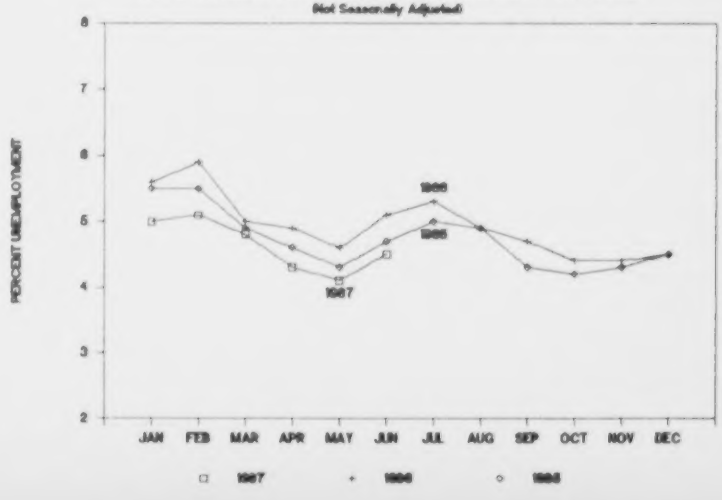
OPENINGS		NEW AND RENEWAL	INDIVIDUALS	
RECEIVED	FILLED	APPLICATIONS	PLACED	COUNSELED
33,020	16,200	57,828	13,270	786

HOURS AND EARNINGS OF PRODUCTION WORKERS

	Average Weekly Earnings			Average Weekly Hours			Average Hourly Earnings		
	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987	June 1986	May 1987	June 1987
All Manufacturing	374.58	404.01	417.13	39.1	40.2	41.3	9.58	10.05	10.10
Durable Goods	386.06	417.20	429.27	38.3	40.0	41.0	10.08	10.43	10.47
Nondurable Goods	354.64	382.73	398.35	40.3	40.5	41.8	8.80	9.45	9.53
Food & Kindred Products	386.26	415.58	423.15	42.4	41.6	42.4	9.11	9.99	9.98
Printing & Publishing	372.66	395.20	405.78	38.9	40.0	40.7	9.58	9.88	9.97

NASHVILLE MSA UNEMPLOYMENT RATES

Not Seasonally Adjusted



U.S. CONSUMER PRICE INDEX

News

For release:
8:30 A.M., EDT, Wednesday,
July 22, 1987

BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS
SOUTHEASTERN REGIONAL OFFICE
ATLANTA, GEORGIA
TELEPHONE: 404-347-4416

Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers		
	UNITED STATES 1/	Unadjusted percent change to June 1987 from		UNITED STATES 1/	Unadjusted percent change to June 1987 from	
		June 1986	May 1987		June 1986	May 1987
All items	340.1	3.7	0.4	334.9	3.7	0.4
All items (1957-59=100)	395.6	-	-	389.5	-	-
Food and beverages	325.4	5.1	0.4	325.0	5.1	0.5
Food	334.1	5.4	0.5	333.4	5.3	0.5
Food at home	320.4	6.2	0.5	318.5	6.2	0.5
Food away from home	373.8	3.8	0.4	377.1	3.7	0.4
Alcoholic beverages	245.9	2.4	0.4	248.6	2.3	0.3
Housing	371.3	2.8	0.7	363.5	2.6	0.7
Shelter	420.2	4.6	0.2	406.9	4.5	0.1
Renters' costs 3/	127.9	5.2	0.5	114.2	4.5	0.2
Rent, residential	289.6	3.7	0.1	288.5	3.6	0.1
Apparel and upkeep	214.5	4.9	- 1.6	213.0	4.9	- 1.7
Transportation	316.7	2.6	0.7	317.9	3.0	0.8
Medical care	461.3	6.8	0.5	459.3	6.9	0.6
Entertainment	282.3	3.1	0.1	277.0	3.2	0
Other goods and services	362.9	5.9	0.2	357.8	5.7	0.3
Purchasing power of the dollar: 1967=$1.00	$.294	- 3.6	- 0.3	$.299	- 3.5	- 0.3
1957-59=$1.00	$.253	-	-	$.257	-	-

Group	All urban consumers			Wage earners & clerical workers		
	ALL ITEMS 2/	Unadjusted percent change to June 1987 from		ALL ITEMS 2/	Unadjusted percent change to June 1987 from	
		June 1986	May 1987		June 1986	May 1987
SOUTH	182.1	3.3	0.4	181.0	3.3	0.4
Less than 50,000 pop.	179.1	3.0	0.1	179.7	2.9	0.1
50,000 - 450,000 pop.	180.8	3.6	0.6	181.6	3.7	0.7
450,000 - 1,200,000 pop.	183.7	2.9	0.4	179.6	2.9	0.3
1,200,000 or more pop.	182.6	3.3	0.3	182.1	3.4	0.4

1/ Base year is 1967=100.
2/ Base year is December 1977=100.
3/ Base year is December 1982 for CPI-U; December 1984 for CPI-W.

NOTE: Effective in 1987, the frequency of publication for the Atlanta indexes was changed from bimonthly to semiannual. Because they are based on smaller samples, local area indexes are subject to substantially more sampling and other measurement error than national indexes. BLS strongly urges users to consider the use of national indexes in escalator agreements.

	ALL ITEMS	
OLD METHODOLOGY --	CPI-U	CPI-W
United States	341.4	336.1
South	182.8	181.6
Less than 50,000 pop.	179.9	180.7
50,000-450,000 pop.	181.2	181.9
450,000-1,200,000 pop.	184.9	180.6
1,200,000 or more pop.	183.6	182.9

Department of Employment Security, June 1987, Publications Auth. No. 333099; 1,800 copies, in cooperation with the U.S. Department of Labor. This document was promulgated at a cost of $0.32 per copy. For further information, contact Research and Statistics Division, Department of Employment Security, 519 Cordell Hull Bldg., Nashville, TN 37219-5122. (615) 741-1729.

TENNESSEE DEPARTMENT OF EMPLOYMENT SECURITY
519 CORDELL HULL BUILDING
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE 37219-5122

POSTAGE AND FEES PAID
EMPLOYMENT SECURITY MAIL
LAB 449